Towards ABAC

Oct 10, 2024

Community Over Code, Denver 2024

Intro









https://github.com/shawnmckinney

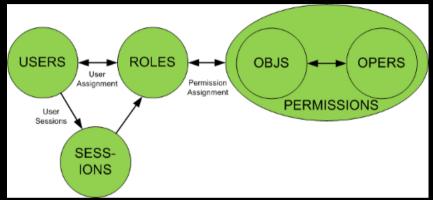
Agenda

- 1. Discuss a bit on Access Control
- 2. Look at Apache Fortress RBAC Demo
- 3. " ABAC Demo(s)
- 4. Next Steps



ANSI INCITS 359

Role-Based
Access
Control
Standard





Kuhn, Ferraiolo and Sandhu https://www.facebook.com/ieeecomputersociety/posts



Early Years

- The Role-Based Access Control model was formally introduced in 1992 by David Ferraiolo and Richard Kuhn of National Institute of Standards and Technology.
- Their model, already in use for some time, was meant to address critical shortcomings of the Discretionary Access Control. DAC was not meeting the needs of non-DoD organizations.
- In particular integrity was lacking, defined by them, as the requirement for data and process to be modified only in authorized ways by authorized users.

Middle Years

- Eight years later, in 2000, they teamed with Ravi Sandhu and produced another influential paper entitled 'The NIST Model for a Role-Based Access Control: Towards a Unified Standard'.
- Later the team released the RBAC formal model. One that laid out in discrete terms how these types of systems were to work. The specifications, written in Z-notation, left no ambiguity whatsoever.
- This model formed the basis for the standard that followed:
 - ANSI INCITS 359

Current Years

- INCITS 359-2012 RBAC also known as Core.
- INCITS 494-2012 RBAC Policy Enhanced allows attribute modifiers on permissions specifically to provide support for fine-grained authorization.



ANSI RBAC INCITS 359 Specification

RBACO:

Users, Roles, Perms, Sessions

RBAC1:

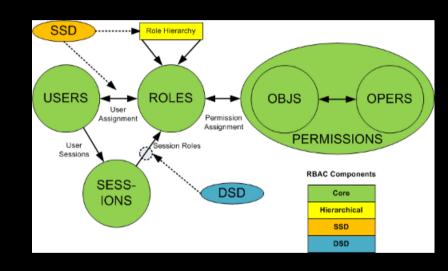
Hierarchical Roles

RBAC2:

Static Separation of Duties

RBAC3:

Dynamic Separation of Duties





RBAC Object Model

Six basic elements:

- 1. User human or machine entity
- 2. Role a job function within an organization
- 3. Object maps to system resources
- **4. Operation** executable image of program
- **5. Permission** approval to perform an Operation on one or more Objects
- 6. Session contains set of activated roles for User



RBAC Functional Model

APIs form three standard interfaces:

Management and

Config processes

- 1. Admin—Add, Update, Delete
- 2. Review Read, Search
- 3. System Access Control



processes



RBAC Functional Model

System Manager APIs:

 ${\tt http://directory.apache.org/fortress/gen-docs/latest/apidocs/org/apache/directory/fortress/core/impl/} Access MgrImpl. {\tt html}$

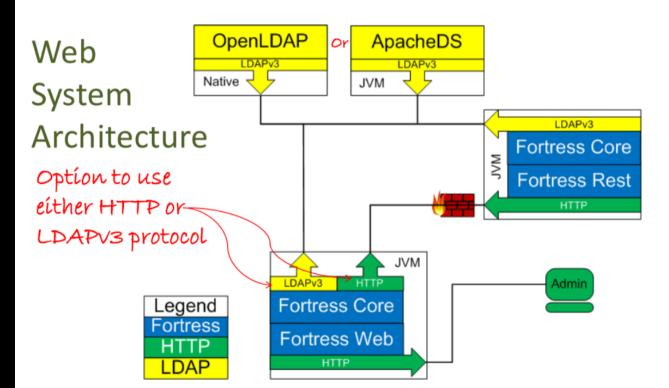
- 1. createSession authenticate, activate roles
- 2. checkAccess permission check
- 3. sessionPermissions all perms active for user
- 4. sessionRoles return all roles active
- 5. addActiveRole add new role to session
- 6. dropActiveRole remove role from session

Apache Fortress™

https://directory.apache.org/fortress

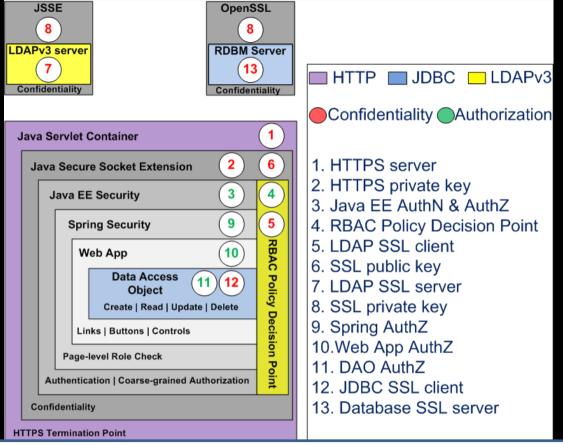
Access Management SDK and Web Components

A standards-based access management system, written in Java, supports ANSI INCITS 359 RBAC and more.



Example 1

Apache
Fortress
Demo



https://github.com/shawnmckinney/apache-fortress-demo

Apache Fortress Demo

- Three Pages and Three Customers
- One role for every page to customer combo
- Users may be assigned to one or more roles
- One and only one role may be activated

| Pages | Customer 123 | Customer 456 | Customer 789 |
|------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|
| Page One | PAGE1_123 | PAGE1_456 | PAGE1_789 |
| Page Two | PAGE2_123 | PAGE2_456 | PAGE2_789 |
| Page Three | PAGE3_123 | PAGE3_456 | PAGE3_789 |

| User123 | Customer 123 | Customer 456 | Customer 789 |
|-----------|--------------|--------------|--------------|
| Page1 | True | False | False |
| Page2 | True | False | False |
| Page3 | True | False | False |
| User1 | Customer 123 | Customer 456 | Customer 789 |
| Page1 | True | True | True |
| Page2 | False | False | False |
| Page3 | False | False | False |
| User1_123 | Customer 123 | Customer 456 | Customer 789 |
| Page1 | True | False | False |
| Page2 | False | False | False |
| Page3 | False | False | False |

RBAC Demo





Apache Fortress Demo

 https://github.com/shawnmckinney/apachefortress-demo

| User Foo | Customer 123 | Customer 456 | Customer 789 |
|----------|--------------|--------------|--------------|
| Page1 | False | True | True |
| Page2 | True | False | False |
| Page3 | True | False | False |



Number of Roles = sizeof(A) * sizeof(B)

Roles (A) Relationships (B)

Role1 Customer 123

Role2 * Customer 456

Role3 Customer 789

Roles

- 1. Role1-123
- 2. Role1-456
- 3. Role1-789
- 4. Role2-123
- 5. Role2-456
- 6. Role2-789
- 7. Role3-123
- 8. Role3-456
- 9. Role3-789



Role Explosion: Acknowledging the Problem

A. A. Elliott and G. S. Knight

Math and Computer Science, Royal Military College, Kingston, Ontario, Canada

https://pdfs.semanticscholar.org/143e/25f527eedecdf0a4f1b11646144fdfe694d5.pdf

Adding Attributes to Role-Based Access Control

D. Richard Kuhn, National Institute of Standards and Technology Edward J. Coyne, Science Applications International Corp. Timothy R. Weil, Raytheon Polar Services Company

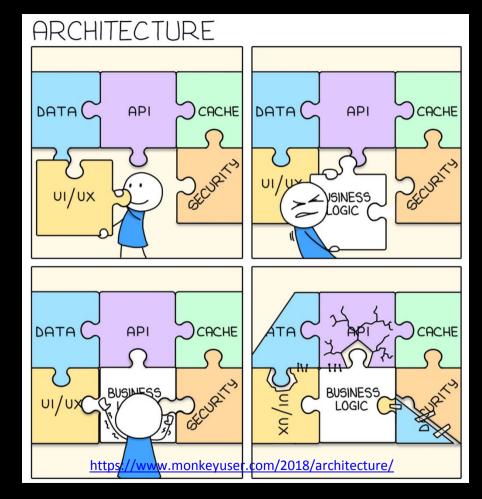
To support dynamic attributes, particularly in large organizations, a "role explosion" can result in thousands of separate roles being fashioned for different collections of permissions. Recent interest in attribute-based access control (ABAC) suggests that attributes and rules could either replace RBAC or make it more simple and flexible.

RBAC has also been criticized for leading to role explosion. [32] a problem in large enterprise systems which require access control of finer granularity than what RBAC can provide as roles are inherently assigned to operations and data types.

wikipedia/Role-based access control

IEEE Computer, vol. 43, no. 6 (June, 2010), pp. 79-81

What Now?





Attribute-Based Access Control (ABAC)

An access control method where subject requests to perform operations on objects are granted or denied based on assigned attributes of the subject, assigned attributes of the object, environment conditions, and a set of policies that are specified in terms of those attributes and conditions.

https://nvlpubs.nist.gov/nistpubs/specialpublications/NIST.SP.800-162.pdf

What is ABAC

Although the concept itself existed for many years, ABAC is considered a "next generation" authorization model because it provides dynamic, context-aware and risk-intelligent access control to resources allowing access control policies that include specific attributes from many different information systems...

https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Attribute-based access control

Examples of ABAC

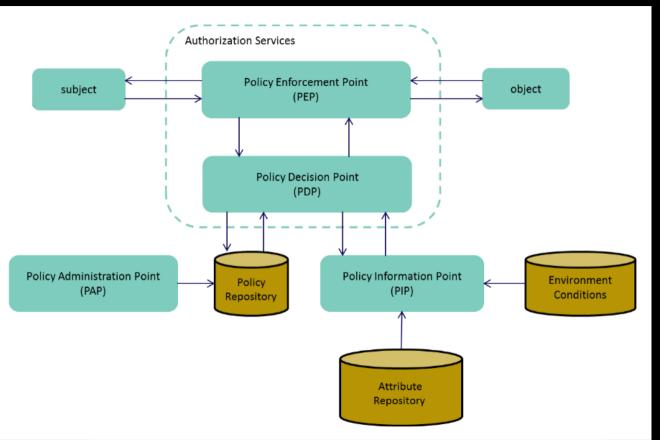
 Extensible Access Control Markup Language (XACML)

 Next Generation Access Control standard [ANSI499]

Examples of ABAC

The AuthZForce project provides an Attribute-Based Access Control (ABAC) framework compliant with the OASIS XACML standard v3.0, that mostly consists of an authorization policy engine and a RESTful authorization server. It was primarily developed to provide advanced access control for Web Services or APIs, but is generic enough to address all kinds of access control use cases. https://authzforce.ow2.org

ABAC



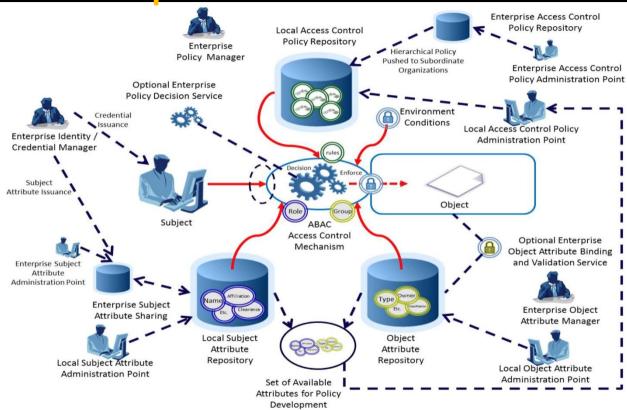


Drawbacks of ABAC

- Standards / Poor Traction
- Complexity
- Performance
- Integrity



Enterprise ABAC







Let's Have Another Look

Can RBAC be enhanced for some of it?





Adding Attributes to Role-Based Access Control

D. Richard Kuhn, *National Institute of Standards and Technology* Edward J. Coyne, *Science Applications International Corp*. Timothy R. Weil, *Raytheon Polar Services Company*

Attribute-Based Access Control

This approach might be more flexible than RBAC because it does not require separate roles for relevant sets of subject attributes, and rules can be implemented quickly to accommodate changing needs. The trade-off for this flexibility is the complexity of cases that must be considered: for n Boolean attributes or n conditions using attributes, there are 2ⁿ possible combinations.



INCITS 494

Policy Enhanced RBAC



Two Phases of Activation

Attributes checked during two separate phases:

1. User-Role Activation

e.g., user may only activate the cashier role at store 314.

2. Role-Permission Activation

 e.g., the action may only be performed on account 456789.



User-Role Activation

- Apache Fortress Temporal Constraints
- Apache Fortress Dynamic Constraints (New)

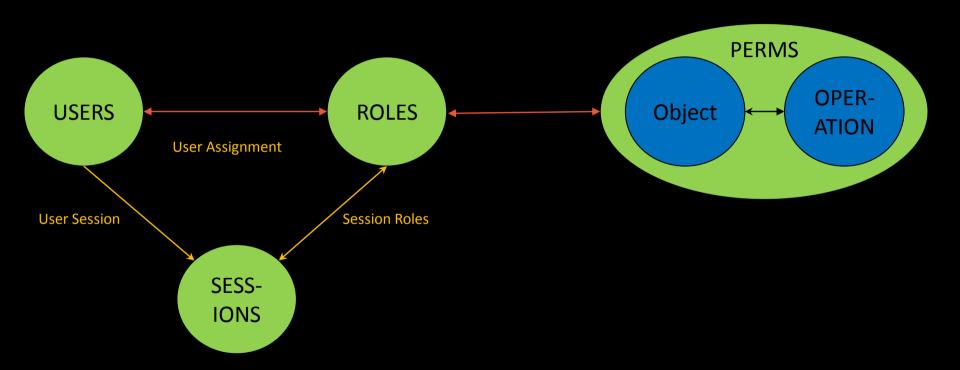


Use User-Role Constraint

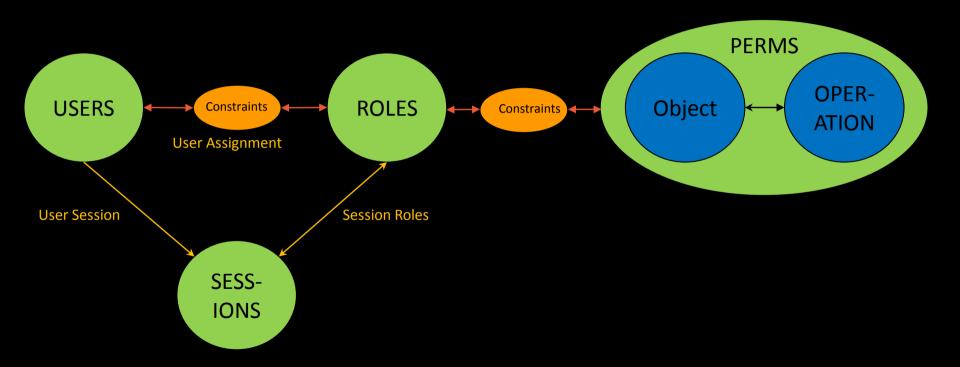
- Store the contextual information on the user entry's role assignments.
- ftRC: teller@type@key@value
 - e.g. ftRC: teller@user@location@north



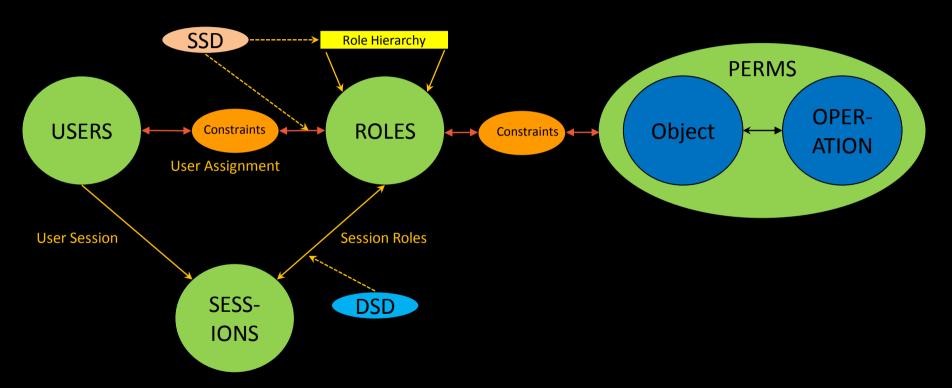
Core RBAC



+ ABAC Constraints



All Together Now



RBAC w/ ABAC

- Opportunity to introduce arbitrary attributes into the Role activation phase.
- The Role is 'special' in that it will only be activated if conditions match.



Advantages

- Fixed the 'Role explosion' problem.
- We can continue to use our RBAC systems.
- Simpler to implement and maintain.
- No limit to the types of attributes.



e.g.

Roles:

- Teller
- Coin Washer

Constraints:

Location



e.g. User-Role-Constraint

- Curly
 - Coin Washer:North
 - Coin Washer:South
 - Teller: East

- Moe
 - Coin Washer:East
 - Coin Washer:South
 - Teller: North

- Larry
 - Coin Washer:North
 - Coin Washer:East
 - Teller: South



Number of Roles = sizeof(A) * sizeof(B)

Teller-North Relationships (B) Roles (A) Teller-South Teller-East North Teller Teller-West South Washer-North Washer Washer-South East Washer-East West Washer-West





Role Constraints

```
constraint role="Coin Washer"
  key="location"
constraint role="Teller"
  key="location"
```

https://github.com/shawnmckinney/fortress-abac-demo/blob/master/src/main/resources/fortress-abac-demo-load-policy.xml



User-Role Constraints

```
userId="Curly"
 role="Teller"
 key="location" value="East"
userId="Curly"
 role="Coin Washer"
key="location" value="North"
userId="Curly"
 role="Coin Washer"
key="location" value="South"
```

Under the Hood



RBAC w/ ABAC

LDAP - uid=curly,ou=People,dc=example,dc=com - slapd local - Apache Directory Studio Help ■ dc=example,dc=com uid=curly,ou=People,dc=exam \(\text{\text{\text{\text{u}}}} \) ■ cn=default,ou=Policies,dc=ari DN: uid=curly,ou=People,dc=example,dc=com Attribute Description Value rcsystem FALSE ftRC washers\$type\$USER\$locale\$south\$ washers\$type\$USER\$locale\$north\$ ftRC **ftRC** tellers\$type\$USER\$locale\$east\$



```
// Nothing new here:
User user = new User("curly");
                                           Code Sample
// This is new:
RoleConstraint constraint = new RoleConstraint();
// In practice we're not gonna pass hard-coded key-values in here:
constraint.setKey( "location" );
constraint.setValue( "north" );
// This is just boilerplate goop:
List<RoleConstraint> constraints = new ArrayList();
constraints.add( constraint );
try
   // Create the RBAC session with ABAC constraint -- location=north, asserted:
   Session session = accessMgr.createSession( user, constraints );
               https://github.com/shawnmckinney/fortress-abac-demo/blob/master/src/main/java/com/mycompany/MyBasePage.java
                                                                                    46
```

ABAC Demo

FAULT IN MUNICAGED AREA nis is the first time you've seen this Stop error screen. art your computer. If this screen appears again, follow e steps: to make sure any new hardware or software is properly installed. nis is a new installation, ask your hardware or software manufactu any Windows updates you might need. roblems continue, disable or remove any newly continue, disable or remove any newly continue. oftware. Disable BIOS memory options such as a work or shadowing. ou need to use Safe Mode to remove disable computer, press F8 to select Advanced Startup ments restart ct Safe Mode. nical information: STOP: 0x00000050 (0xFD3094C2.0x00000 Stamp 3d6d SPCMDCON.SYS - Address FBFE7617 base at



Example Apache **Fortress** ABAC

Demo

Java Servlet Container Java EE Security

Spring Security

Web App

Links | Buttons | Controls

Page-level Role Check

Authentication | Coarse-grained Authorization



| User456 | Customer 123 | Customer 456 | Customer 789 |
|-----------|--------------|--------------|--------------|
| Page1 | False | True | False |
| Page2 | False | True | False |
| Page3 | False | True | False |
| User2 | Customer 123 | Customer 456 | Customer 789 |
| Page1 | False | False | False |
| Page2 | True | True | True |
| Page3 | False | False | False |
| User2_123 | Customer 123 | Customer 456 | Customer 789 |
| Page1 | False | True | False |
| Page2 | False | False | False |
| Page3 | False | False | False |

Next Steps

- 1. Dynamic Constraints Role-Permission
- 2. Dynamic Policies



Apache Fortress User-Role Validators

```
temporal.validator.0=Date
temporal.validator.1=LockDate
temporal.validator.2=Timeout
temporal.validator.3=ClockTime
temporal.validator.4=Day
temporal.validator.5=UserRoleConstraint
    Since V 2.0.1-
```

Apache Fortress Role-Perm Validators

Not implemented yet

```
permission.validator.0=Limit permission.validator.1=Clearance permission.validator.2=Domain
```

Closing Thoughts

- RBAC's Doesn't Meet Standards
- ABAC's Hard
- RBAC + Attributes Works



https://directory.apache.org/fortress



Examples

- 1. https://github.com/shawnmckinney/apachefortress-demo
- 2. https://github.com/shawnmckinney/fortress-abac-demo
- 3. https://gitlab.symas.net/symas-public/ansible-apache-fortress





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